The installed capacity and annual output of the various systems of the Nova Scotia Power Commission are given in Table 13.

13.—Capacity and Output of the Nova Scotia Power Commission, Year Ended Nov. 30, 1957

System¹	First Year of Operation	Present Installed Capacity	Output	
		h.p.	kwh.	
Western Network— Mushamush Harmony Roseway Gulch Ridge Portable (diesel)	1921 1943 1930 1952 1957	330 1,200 1,060 8,500 5,300	841,350 3,296,800 2,884,170 20,869,448 4,353,820 52,700	
Eastern Network— Barrie Brook. Dickie Brook. Malay Falls. Ruth Falls Liscomb. Trenton (thermal).	1940 1948 1924 1925 1957 1951	500 3,500 5,440 10,590 700 40,000 ²	2,169,920 7,362,640 9,067,390 27,979,600 2,461,584 114,267,900	
St. Margaret	1921	15,700	24,972,100	
Mersey— Original development. Cowie Falls. Deep Brook. Lower Great Brook.	1928 1938 1950 1955	28,000 10,200 12,800 6,240	217,844,650	
Canseau (diesel)	1937	2,201	1,527,540	
Canseau (thermal)	1945	1,1252	4,729,710	
Tusket	1929	2,820	9,299,485	
Total			453,980,807	

¹ Hydro unless otherwise noted.

New Brunswick.—The New Brunswick Electric Power Commission was incorporated under the Electric Power Act, 1920. Generating stations owned by the Commission at Mar. 31, 1957, were as follows:—

Plant	Type	Capacity	Plant	Type	Capacity
		h.p.			h.p.
Musquash	Hydro Steam Steam	. 27,000 . 58,700 . 21,500	Grand Manan Shippegan St. Quentin	Diesel	. 1,040 . 1,340 . 750

All the above generating units with the exception of St. Quentin, Campobello and Grand Manan, were interconnected in a province-wide grid system. The statistical information given in Table 14 shows the growth of the Commission's undertakings since 1953.

² Kilowatts.